DOI: 10.6918/IJOSSER.202401 7(1).0030

Analysis on the Path of The Great Anti-epidemic Spirit Into The

Analysis on the Path of The Great Anti-epidemic Spirit Into The Ideological and Political Education of College Students

Li Yang¹, Li Tang¹, Xiaolin Gan¹, Xurundong Kan¹, Ruijiao Zhang², Qingqing Hong^{3,*}

¹School of Biology and Chemistry, Pu'er University, Pu'er, 665000, China ²Sanqi College of Medicine, Wenshan University, Wenshan, 663000, China ³School of Economics and Management, Pu'er University, Pu'er, 665000, China *Corresponding author: 964724302@qq.com

Abstract

ISSN: 2637-6067

The anti-epidemic spirit nurtured in the practice of fighting the epidemic is a vivid interpretation of the Chinese spirit and Chinese culture. The fight against the epidemic itself is a vivid, vivid, profound and thorough patriotic ideological and political lesson. Telling the "anti-epidemic" story well is highly compatible with the lofty duty and mission of colleges and universities to cultivate morality and cultivate people, and it is also an inevitable choice for colleges and universities to implement the fundamental responsibilities and tasks of morality and cultivation of people. This paper takes the anti-epidemic spirit and the ideological and political education of college students as the main line, and studies the implementation path of integrating the anti-epidemic spirit into the whole process of the ideological and political education of college students.

Keywords

Anti-epidemic spirit; Ideological and political education; Path.

1. Introduction

The severe outbreak of COVID-19 at the beginning of 2020 will be the most serious public health emergency since the founding of the People's Republic of China. The rapid spread of the epidemic and the wide range of infected people have brought great difficulty to the prevention and control. After the outbreak of the epidemic, the CPC Central Committee paid great attention and held special meetings to make arrangements for epidemic prevention and control and put forward important solutions to important issues of the epidemic. In an emergency moment, the CPC Central Committee boldly took measures to seal down the city, decisively blocked the epidemic, and achieved significant prevention and control results in a short period of time. In the face of the major epidemic, people were not intimidated by this sudden and terrible danger. Instead, they united as one and sacrificed their own family, and actively devoted themselves to the great cause of fighting the epidemic, thus creating a unique national spirit with Chinese characteristics in the world.

General Secretary Xi Jinping clearly pointed out in the spirit of the third National Conference on Ideological and Political Work in Colleges and universities that " to do a good job of ideological and political work in colleges and universities, it should be changed according to the situation, according to the time and new according to the situation."[1] The fight against the epidemic itself is a vivid, vivid, profound and beneficial lesson in patriotic ideological and political education. Telling the story of "fighting the epidemic" is in line with the work of cultivating education in colleges and universities under the new situation. College educators should change their teaching thinking, turn the aggressive epidemic into an educational opportunity, and carry

DOI: 10.6918/IJOSSER.202401 7(1).0030

out ideological and political education through the epidemic.[2] Vigorously praise the heroes fighting against the epidemic, take the touching deeds during the epidemic as materials, dig out the educational value, extract rich spiritual nourishment, and play the power of example. We will give full play to the role of the fight against the epidemic, integrate it with patriotism, and carry out education on lofty spirits and ideas. During the epidemic period, new contents of fighting the epidemic should be explored and ideological and political education adopted. Educators should establish a sense of educational mission, cultivate strong patriotic feelings of college students, further consolidate the spirit of strengthening the country, and guide college students to actively participate in the great rejuvenation of the nation.[3]

2. The Important Significance of Carrying Forward The Spirit of Fighting Against The Epidemic

The sudden outbreak has swept through China, having a great impact on people's work and life. In the face of the epidemic, the Chinese people have carried forward the spirit of unity as one heart, with unprecedented support in various places. Countless outstanding medical workers went to the epidemic area to contribute their strength. The whole country is united to build a defense line of joint prevention and control and mass prevention and control."The 1.4 billion Chinese people share the same destiny, shoulder to shoulder and heart to heart, drawing a picture of The Times where unity is strength!"[4] In the process of epidemic prevention and control, The Chinese system has played an inestimable role. Its superiority lies in its efficiency and speed, and resources are quickly assembled and put into the rescue. In the process of fighting the epidemic, the Chinese-style governance and system have withstood the test.[3] Under the leadership of the Communist Party of China, the epidemic work around the safety of people's lives was carried out in an orderly manner, and the prevention and control measures were quickly carried out across the country, on the basis of people's health. The superiority of the socialist system is vivid and exquisite, and the unified mobilization of the whole country shows strong coordination, and the way of concentrating various forces to solve problems is rapidly effective.[5-6] Ideological and political educators in colleges and universities should be good at drawing materials from the process of fighting the epidemic, carry out ideological and political education through the story, improve the national pride of college students, more firmly support the socialist road, truly achieve confidence in the system and culture, and increase the sense of national identity and belonging from the inside out.[7]

2.1. Cultivate patriotism: to stimulate the spirit of patriotism of college students

In the battle of "fighting the epidemic", the medical workers are the most "countermarch people"; the party cadres who stick to the frontline of prevention and control are the backbone of the epidemic prevention and control, the community volunteers who are the heroes against the epidemic... Under the leadership of the Party, the people united as one, not afraid of the virus, not afraid of sacrifice, "fighting the epidemic", embodies the "give up the family home for everyone" feelings, showing sincere pure heart and deep patriotism. These heroes and touching deeds are the concentrated embodiment of patriotism, and are the best material to strengthen the patriotic education among college students.[8] Through the fight against the epidemic, the lives of the Chinese people have been effectively protected. The scientific coordination of the CPC Central Committee has played an important role, and it also reflects the unique advantages of the Chinese system. It is also the foundation for China's national governance to concentrate on major tasks, with high efficiency and strength, and effectively resist the intrusion of the epidemic. Combining anti-epidemic practice can improve the experience of college students fighting the epidemic, help them feel the benefits of Chinese system from practice, so as to improve their national identity.

DOI: 10.6918/IJOSSER.202401 7(1).0030

In the development of Chinese history, patriotism has always been a strong part of the Chinese people. In different historical periods and stages, the expression forms of patriotism are different, but they are basically the same in the historical society and its deep historical and cultural connotation. Are truly love this great motherland, in order to jointly safeguard the core security and interests of the motherland and the vast majority of the nation, a dedication of their own great patriotic strength, even willing to sacrifice their lives. In the time of war, patriotism is mainly to serve the country and save the country, to defend national peace and the construction of home; and the basic principle of patriotism should be heroic, diligent, diligent, dedicated and enterprising, and enterprising. After the government formulated the policy, people across the country actively responded to the call and consciously quarantined at home, effectively cutting off the transmission route of the virus and making their own contribution to the prevention and control of the epidemic. Medical workers, volunteers and soldiers have taken a positive part in the fight against the epidemic and are not afraid of the surging epidemic.[9] Why can the Chinese people respond to the call? In the final analysis, everyone has a patriotic heart in mind, I hope to contribute their own strength in the moment of national crisis, I hope to make the country better with their own help. In fact, this may be the spirit of fighting the epidemic with Chinese characteristics needed to realize the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation, which is also the latest form of the revolutionary spirit of patriotic dedication to the social needs in this new era.

2.2. Carry forward the Chinese spirit: encourage college students to inherit the unyielding national spirit of unity and the spirit of The Times"

The Chinese nation has experienced many hardships in its history, but it has never been crushed. Instead, it has become stronger and stronger, growing up and rising from the hardships."[10] In the face of the epidemic, the whole country has united as one and shared the difficulties into an indestructible front against the epidemic. This is a glorious embodiment of the Chinese national spirit and the national struggle spirit of facing the difficulties and united as one. In the face of many difficulties and obstacles, the Chinese nation is invincible. The Chinese nation will remain united and the national spirit will withstand the test of fighting the epidemic and be refined again, which will be demonstrated in the great war.

As Comrade Xi Jinping pointed out, "Unity is a powerful force to overcome all difficulties and an important guarantee for uniting people's hearts and achieving great achievements."[4] Unity is strength, and unity is more likely to have infinite power. In recent thousand years, the Chinese nation has been standing in the forest of the West and the world. A very important reason is that the biggest core connotation of Chinese culture is the great spirit of unity of the Chinese nation. Only by making the Chinese nation more united can we unite and send out the infinite and incomparable powerful spiritual strength of this nation. The people of China must always know, only by their own a person himself this meager power is small, only so the unity and gathered up of thousands of Chinese great power, can gradually converge to form a like overwhelming torrent of invincible powerful life, nothing can resist it of the huge and majestic hong wei giant force. Realizing this, from the beginning of the fight against the epidemic, all sectors of society across the country have been united as one, thinking and working together. From strict prevention and control of the large-scale spread of the virus to careful care and treatment of critical patients, from the mastery of virus sequencing identification technology to participate in the research and development of the vaccine, we have been trying to silently adhere to their own efforts, starting from small things, starting from what we can do, and to contribute their own strength to the fight against the epidemic. Practice has proved that the unity of the Chinese people is strong in the face of difficulties, and college students are the main force of national rejuvenation. They should understand the importance of unity and contribute their part to the national rejuvenation.[11]

DOI: 10.6918/IJOSSER.202401 7(1).0030

2.3. Firm ideal and belief: enhance the value identification of "four college students' confidence"

Feel the strength of the country, build the feelings of home and country, and consolidate the system confidence of contemporary college students. After the outbreak of the epidemic, the CPC Central Committee has paid high attention to it, held several meetings to make overall arrangements, and maximized the advantages of the Chinese system through the spread of the epidemic. One party is difficult, eight parties support, only took nearly 20 days to basically build a total of 16 square hospitals covering the city, to ensure the completion of patients hospitalized receivable, should be treated; more than 40,000 medical personnel gathered in Wuhan..... the national people actively donated money and materials, to encourage Wuhan with practical actions. With the unremitting efforts and cooperation of the people of all ethnic groups in China, the epidemic can be controlled at the fastest pace. Looking at the world, it is difficult to see a second country that can do so quickly and efficiently.

The extraction of the essence of the anti-epidemic spirit, and the national spirit of the Chinese culture, to form the mutual strengthening of the two, and then improve the cultural confidence of college students. At the present stage, the cultural confidence of college students mainly comes from the five thousand years of Chinese civilization, from the time-honored excellent culture and national spirit, these historical spirit are inspiring contemporary college students, giving college students a high degree of confidence. The difficult historical process of the Chinese people in overcoming major difficulties and achieving success is a rich resource in the ideological and cultural education of young people. At this critical juncture, the Chinese nation can always work together to save the day.

The reason why the history of the Chinese nation can maintain the prosperity of the nation in the face of such numerous disasters is that every time there will be countless ordinary people stand up to help the whole nation overcome the difficulties. In the actual fight against the epidemic, the post-1995 generation took the lead and engaged in the difficult fight against the epidemic. As a peer, I was greatly shocked. From the rapid construction of square cabins, to the rapid resumption of work and production, everything is rapid and orderly. Reflected the Chinese people practical, pioneering and innovative advancing with The Times of lofty practice moral character and the people of health science law of seeking truth from facts firmly follow, the victory of the outbreak struggle provides strong spiritual support, help college students to cultivate strong will, develop pioneering character, motivate college students, strengthen college students' social responsibility, bravely shoulder the revival of the motherland.[12]

3. Pathway Analysis

The great practice of the Chinese people in fighting the epidemic is not only the glory of the nation, but also a new nourishment for ideological and political education among college students. University ideological educators should strengthen the attention against disease events, understand the typical examples of the resistance to disease in our country, research develop the national spirit from disease resistance, from disease resistance in college students ideological education work, explore the new path of disease resistance and ideological education fusion, make disease resistance to national spirit better contemporary khalid ents typical living case material and major realistic themes, let a new generation of college students can better actively accept socialist thought theory baptism, absorb the power of self growth wisdom.

DOI: 10.6918/IJOSSER.202401 7(1).0030

3.1. Strengthen the classroom position, tell the story of fighting the epidemic well, and stimulate the enthusiasm of the country"

To do a good job in ideological and political work in colleges and universities, we need to adapt, advance and update the situation. "One of the key contents of ideological and political education is the cultivation of the feelings of family and country, and the classroom is the main place to carry out the theme of education, ideological and political educators should flexibly use the antiepidemic deeds, closely link the spirit of anti-epidemic with the feelings of family and country education, and tell new spirits with new stories. We need to strengthen classroom teaching, tell good stories about fighting the epidemic, resonate with students, and stimulate their love of home and patriotism.[13] Teachers should pay attention to the series of educational thematic design to promote the spirit of anti-epidemic in combination with the actual work and careful planning, and excavate the knowledge of the great national feelings and the teaching practice value resources contained in the curriculum construction. Pay close attention to and make good use of the typical stories in the fight against the epidemic, Feel the solidarity of the Chinese people to overcome the difficulties, About how ordinary people are actively involved in the fight against the epidemic, Let the rise and fall of the country, honor and individual together, Let the students feel their connection with the grand national feelings and be immersed in it, In thinking, learning, exchange and discussion, more consciously distinguish the responsibility and mission of the country; Fully implement the learning subject status of college students, To carry out a series of effective forms of education programs, such as large-scale theoretical and practical research or exchange lectures in related fields on the topic of further promoting the mainstream spiritual orientation of the youth patriotic and anti-epidemic movement, Encourage college students to participate in the anti-epidemic practice, To inspire a rising sense of patriotism, Let the students realize the nobility of serving the motherland and serving the people, Then you cherish your college time and try to improve yourself, Will serve the motherland positioning their own life value and desire.[14]

3.2. Improve the education environment, create a strong atmosphere, and enhance the consciousness of the country

Marx put forward that "the people create the environment, and the same environment also creates the people". College students 'outlook on life and values are in the shaping period, and the social environment will bring an important influence on the college students' thoughts. Students will be influenced by the campus culture in the process of campus learning, which plays a positive role in guiding the formation of students' correct values.[15] Make full use of the role of cultural edification, through the rich space-time carriers and elements, to form a multi-level cultural atmosphere field, give play to the school's propaganda initiative. It provides a space foundation for the construction of the atmosphere of family and country feelings, makes the university campus a learning area for the anti-epidemic spirit, and makes students feel the strong and warm feelings of home and country. Combined with the epidemic prevention and control practice, carry forward the spirit of anti-epidemic, and integrate into the campus culture, and make the anti-epidemic spirit become the theme of the campus. At present, the epidemic has not yet dispersed, colleges and universities should attach great importance to cultural construction, form a good cultural atmosphere, guide college students to distinguish right from wrong purposefully and systematically, enhance their sense of responsibility, actively spread positive energy, and enhance the emotional identity of listening to the Party and following the Party.[16]

DOI: 10.6918/IJOSSER.202401_7(1).0030

3.3. Pay attention to practice cultivation, learn from advanced models, and strengthen the practice of family and country feelings

To carry forward the spirit of fighting the epidemic, we should start from practice, not only be limited to the theoretical level, and integrate knowledge and practice. This spiritual cultivation is firm.[17] Practice is the only standard to test the truth. Only when college students experience in practice can they be refined. Theory comes from practice, so that college students can personally feel the hard work and efforts of anti-epidemic workers, help themselves understand what they have learned through personal experience, and effectively improve the effect of practical education through personal experience and perception.[18] During the epidemic period, many college students have volunteered to participate in the epidemic prevention and control under the premise of their own protection, so that their thoughts and essence have been refined. It can be seen that only by carrying out various forms of social practice activities and getting exercise in practice can they truly achieve the purpose of education and growing talents. After practice, students can implement the ideas learned by theory into reality, and reflect the theoretical consciousness through words and deeds, so as to obtain the realistic experience. Then make selective absorption, enrich their own moral concepts, continue to consolidate the excellent moral concepts, into the new ideological quality. After this ongoing fight against the epidemic, practice has proved the superiority of socialism with Chinese characteristics, and also proved that the Chinese system is the basis and guarantee for the happiness and well-being of the Chinese people, and socialism is the line of saving the country and the line of national rejuvenation. Ideological education work in colleges and universities to adhere to the leading role, attaches great importance to the innovation of ideological education, and reference, encourage and inspire college students to participate in the resistance to disease of practice, experience the Chinese contemporary social state and national spirit, experience Chinese power, Chinese practice spirit, China work efficiency, firm ideal faith, consciously bear to shoulder the construction of socialism modernization power vanguard era sacred and mission.

Acknowledgments

The research was funded by by2023 Scientific Research Fund Project of Provincial Education Department (Project No: 2023]1243)

References

- [1] President Xi Jinping. Important speech at the National Conference on Ideological and Political Work in Colleges and Universities [N]. People's Daily, 2016-12-09.
- [2] Long Hanwu. Thoughts on leading the growth and development of college students in the management of major epidemics [J]. Ideological and Theoretical Education Guide, 2020 (11): 156-159.
- [3] Xu Hongju, Li Rong. Analysis of the value and path of the story of "anti-epidemic" in the ideological and political theory courses in colleges and universities [J]. Fuyang Vocational and Technical College Newspaper, 2021,32 (03): 14-17.
- [4] President Xi Jinping. Speech at the National Commendation Conference for Fighting the COVID-19 epidemic [N]. People's Daily, 2020-09-09 (3).
- [5] Zhang Zhidan. The basis, connotation and value of the anti-epidemic spirit [J]. Research on Ideological and Political Education, 2020,36 (04): 24-31.

DOI: 10.6918/IJOSSER.202401_7(1).0030

ISSN: 2637-6067

- [6] Yang Yiqin. The great spirit of fighting against the epidemic is a new monument to the spirit of The Times [J]. Morality and Civilization, 2020 (06): 19-20.
- [7] Ge Yiting, Zhang Xiaonan, Feng Kui. Coping strategies for ideological and political education for college students under the epidemic situation [J]. College Counselor Journal, 2020,12 (04): 1-5.
- [8] Zhou Zheng, Ma Xiaoling, Li Sijing. The main content of ideological and political education of college students in the background of public health events [J]. International Public Relations, 2020 (10): 112-113.
- [9] Zhang Ziyue. The "anti-epidemic spirit" integrates the value implication and realization path of patriotism education in colleges and universities [J]. Journal of Inner Mongolia Agricultural University (Social Science edition), 2020,22 (06): 43-50.
- [10] President Xi Jinping. Speech at the meeting on coordinated promotion of COVID-19 prevention and control and economic and social Development [N]. People's Daily, 2020-02-24 (02).
- [11] President Xi Jinping. Speech at the 80th Anniversary of the Victory of the Red Army Long March [N] People's Daily, 2016-22 (02).
- [12] Zeng Honghua. On the perspective of ideological and political courses in universities and the feelings of the country [J]. Education, 2021 (10): 170-171.
- [13] Ding Minjiang River, Wang Kaixuan. Research on the positive educational value of major epidemic materials [J]. Education Review, 2020 (04): 11-18.
- [14] Mou Yu. Research on the innovation of ideological and political education for college Students under the background of major epidemic prevention and control [J]. Journal of Shandong Youth University for Political Science University, 2020,36 (03): 80-84.
- [15] Chen Chen. The value and path of integrating the anti-epidemic spirit into the ideological and political education of college students [J]. Exploration in Education, 2020 (04): 63-67.
- [16] Fan Siyi, Yang Ming. Explore the micro details of the ideal and faith education of college students under the background of major epidemics [J]. Party building and Ideological Education in schools, 2020 (22): 64-65.
- [17] Xu Kesheng, Bai Xianliang. The thinking of college students in the new era under the perspective of response to major epidemics [J]. College Counselor, 2020 (04): 24-28.
- [18] Yuan Sumei, Qi Meng Xue. Research on the teaching path of integrating anti-epidemic spirit into ideological and political education in colleges and universities [J]. Study at Changjiang Normal University.