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On the Ideological and Political Education of Party Members in the Early Days of The Founding of New China

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Abstract

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The construction of the Party members ranks is the basic project of the development of the Party construction, and it is also an important guarantee for the party to keep its advanced nature and purity. To strengthen the construction of Party members is the key to the development of the Party and the country. In the early founding ceremony of the People's Republic of China of the Communist Party, the number of party members has increased significantly. To play the vanguard role of Party members well, we must strengthen their ideological and political education. The effect of ideological and Political Education of Party members in this period is remarkable, and its educational practice is successful.

Keywords

The early founding of new China; The Communist Party of China; Ideological and political education.

1. Background of Ideological and Political Education of Party Members in the Early Days of The Founding of New China

In the early days of the founding ceremony of the People's Republic of China, the Communist Party of China (CPC) was faced with a complicated international and domestic situation, a serious economic downturn, and cultural backwardness and poverty. Although the CPC had some experience in local governance, it had changed from a Revolutionary Party to a ruling party, faced with many new problems and severe tests. The first is the environment. The communist party of China in the revolutionary period in rural revolutionary base areas, very familiar with the rural environment, very understanding of farmers, handling affairs is handy, but with the shift of work, the communist party of China faces the city buildings, lights, factories and other new things, need to update the way of thinking and way of life to adapt to unprecedented changes. The second is the increased temptation. New temptations related to the new environment are increasing, in the face of the rights of the ruling party, the temptation of the city, the temptation of money, if not stopped in time, timely alert, small desire will lead to a disaster, so that the party members thought paralysis, party spirit consciousness is weak, but also may lose the revolutionary spirit. Finally, a more comprehensive capability requirement. In urban increasingly complex problems, such as how to drive economic development, how to deal with social contradictions, how to deal with international forces siege, etc., to solve many problems, the communist party of China not only need to summarize knowledge experience, and need to constantly learn new knowledge, master all kinds of new skills, so as to calmly cope with the test from many aspects.

The prestige of the ruling party is related to the popular support, and more related to the rise and fall of the country. After the founding of the Communist Party of China, its prestige, more and more people are strongly willing to join the Communist Party of China, and a steady stream of party members. According to statistics, in the more than two years from 1948 to 1950, the

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number of party members increased from 2.8 million to 5.8 million, an increase of 3 million. Party expansion is a happy thing, but followed by various problems, such as party member's ideological and political education not, reduce the party conditions, etc., make some motives into the party, their thought backward, mental slack, not progress, these bad thoughts and behavior habits not only affect the overall quality of party members, and limit the role of party members, reduce work efficiency and work quality, even make the communist party of China in the people set up the prestige is questioned, affect the leadership of the party. Therefore, the expansion of the party members is a good thing, and it is particularly important to solve the complex problems existing in the party members. It is necessary to carry out ideological and political education to the party members, improve the ideological and moral quality of the party members, promote the free and comprehensive development of the party members, and enhance the cohesion of the Party organization.

2. The Main Contents of Ideological and Political Education of Party Members in The Early Days of The Founding of New China

2.1. Marxist Theory Education

In February 1951, the Decision of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China on Strengthening Theoretical Education was announced, which made an important elaboration on the Marxist theoretical education of party members. According to the actual situation within the Party, the theoretical education was divided into three levels and steadily promoted: the first level, learning political knowledge. By opening study groups, party member training classes, amateur schools and night schools, we will popularize basic knowledge to party members with low education or newly joined members, and interpret national policies in plain language to help party members enhance their party spirit and political awareness. The second level, learn theoretical knowledge. Through learning the history and social development history of the Communist Party of China and the common knowledge of MAO Zedong, Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, the party members should cultivate the consciousness from a historical perspective and tend to view problems in depth.Level three, learn about the classics.Party members to read classics at the same time grasp the spiritual essence of marxism-leninism, MAO zedong thought, and deeply grasp the important content of the basic principles of marxism, will learn the theoretical knowledge and practice, "according to the principle of marxism-leninism, with marxism-leninism position, viewpoint, method" to solve practical problems, "decision" in the classification of theoretical study can ensure that marxism theory education step by step.

Party members of marxist theory education work is not overnight, but long and meticulous work, from the founding of the communist party of China to marxism-leninism as the theoretical basis of guiding ideology and action guide, visible, the communist party of China attaches great importance to and strengthen the party members of marxist theory education is our party's fine tradition and political advantage.

2.2. Style Education

Good work style can create a good development environment, withstand the attack of bourgeois "sugar-coated shell" attack, more help to establish a good image of party members, but because of a variety of subjective and objective reasons, some party members have style problems, therefore, the party members to carry out work style education is very necessary.

On May 1,1950, the CPC Central Committee issued the Instructions on Carrying out the Rectification Movement in the Whole Party and the Army, proposing to strictly rectify the work style of the whole Party. First of all, conduct ideological education. Starting from the rectification report made by leading Party cadres at all levels, the rectification movement made changes in consciousness, emphasizing prominent problems while deeply analyzing the causes and

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making targeted plans, which resulted in both ideological mobilization and leadership. Secondly, the system learning files. According to MAO Zedong's suggestion, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China sorted out the documents including MAO Zedong made at the third Plenary Session of the seventh CPC Central Committee, carefully studied the documents and discussed the documents, deeply understood the spirit of the documents, and further improved the ideological understanding. Again, the work inspection. After learning the document is the practical use, according to the study to check their own problems in the work, from self-examination to mutual examination, find problems to solve the problem. Finally, consolidate and improve. According to the existing problems, make a rectification plan to stop the unhealthy tendencies to a certain extent.

In addition, the "Three Anti-corruption" movement that began in 1951 and the "New Three Anti-corruption" movement that started in 1953 effectively eliminated corrupt party members, and promptly contained bureaucracy and violations of law and discipline. The whole Party received education on party conduct and clean government, and achieved positive results. The large-scale rectification movement is to eliminate the unhealthy tendencies of the party members, but also to educate them to maintain a fine style of work.

2.3. Discipline Education

As the saying goes, no rules, no circumference. It can be seen that no matter it is production, life, law, team, without discipline, there is no good image. During the period of the new democratic revolution, our Party put forward the famous "Three disciplines and Eight Attention". It is because of strict discipline that our Party still enduring through ups and downs. After the founding of new China, the communist party of China from the revolutionary party into the ruling party, party members more need a strong sense of discipline, however, because the party members expand organizational discipline is not strong, not pure, seriously damage the unity of party members, therefore, in order to better implement the party's political line and policies, to strengthen the discipline of party members education, enhance the cohesion of the party members.

On November 9,1949, the CPC Central Committee issued the Decision on establishing the CPC Central Committee and the Party Discipline Inspection Commission at all levels. This decision is not only to strengthen the Party's organization and discipline, but also to maintain close ties with the people and overcome bureaucracy. Strict measures must be taken to curb violations of discipline among party members and prevent upcoming problems. Discipline inspection commissions at all levels must cooperate closely to fight against corruption and irresponsible phenomena. Through the inspection and handling of de facto cases, we will strengthen Party discipline and ensure the correct implementation of the Party's policies and lines. Discipline education escorts the good order of the party members, remind party members to abide by discipline, the positive education, the majority of party members realize the importance of discipline education, the purity of the Party at the same time, enhance the consciousness to maintain the unity of the Party, so that the whole Party form an organic whole, forming a strong cohesion and combat effectiveness.

3. The Practical Enlightenment of The Ideological and Political Education of Party Members in The Early Days of The Founding of New China

3.1. Upholding the Guiding Position of Marxism

From the early introduction of Marxism in China, advanced intellectuals systematically studied Marxist theory. Under the guidance of Marxism, China's great achievements have fully proved the powerful force of Marxism, and at the same time, our daily work and life cannot be separated from the guidance of Marxism. Marxism is like a beacon on the sea, pointing the way

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for us to explore the laws of historical development and seek the path of future development. At a new starting point, we must adhere to the basic principles of Marxism, correctly grasp scientific theories, and open up a new realm of adapting Marxism to China.

3.2. Persisting in Serving the Central Work of the Party and The State

Everything from set out actually, seeking truth from facts our party's fine tradition, the early founding of new China, to strengthen the party's leadership of new China ideological and political line, further carry out ideological and political education, our party with the transformation of policy reform, task, environmental change timely adjust working train of thought, to rectify the party members. Through the central work around the political, economic and other aspects, the propaganda line, principles and policies, one is to improve the quality and ideological consciousness of the party members, the other is to provide quality conditions for the smooth progress of national work, not only play a role in the ideological level, but also provide guarantee for the orderly development of the work. Have a clear goal, so as to ensure that the work has an accurate guidance, and then enhance the value of the party members themselves and work effectiveness.

3.3. Insist on Deepening the Reform and Innovation of Educational Methods

Education method of reform and innovation can promote party members further ideological and political education, when to convey the content of ideological and political education, more need effective methods, the founding of new China early school, symposium has achieved obvious results, under the new historical conditions, to learn from the previous method and innovation. Keep up with the new era of the Internet, the use of the Internet and ideological and political education closely combined way, with the help of network new media innovation education methods, so that ideological and political education permeate in all aspects, the party members learn in the invisible. The new form also has a new content, the content is classified and detailed return, the use of plain language, listen to, listen to go down will get twice the result with half the effort. Therefore, it is crucial to deepen the reform and innovation of educational methods.

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