

Research on the Relationship between National Governance Modernization and University Governance Modernization

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Abstract

The fourth plenary session of the 19th CPC central committee put forward the governance of China, putting the modernization of national governance system and ability on the agenda. Meanwhile, the fourth plenary session set 2035 as the year to achieve the task of modernization of national governance system and ability. As the main place of higher personnel training, universities should pay more attention to its modernization of governance capacity. Universities should always adhere to the importance of teaching, continue to improve the working methods, oppose formalism and bureaucracy, govern school according to the rule of law, speed up the pace of reform, in order to realized the modernization of its governance system and ability, and cultivate more talents for the contribution of the country and society. for the society.

Keywords

The fourth plenary session of the 19th CPC central committee, national governance, university governance, modernization.

1. Introduction

The fourth plenary session of the 19th CPC central committee refers to the modernization of national governance system and ability, which is another modernization after the former four modernization (industrial modernization, agricultural modernization, national defense modernization, and science and technology modernization). The modernization of national governance system and ability is the new theory achievements of Xi Jinping governing thought. The advanced governance system and governance capability is related to the overall situation, the embodiment of the advanced nature of the ruling party and the ruling party's institutional design and governance ability. The modernization of governance system and capacity is the requirement of socialism with Chinese characteristics in the new era, and the major issue concerning the future development of Chinese society. The fourth plenary session of the 19th CPC central committee puts forward the governance of China, emphasizing the issue of national governance. Governance is different from management, because management is top-down, while governance emphasizes democracy, equality, consultation and co-governance, "we must uphold and improve the system of social governance based on joint efforts, and Shared benefits in order to maintain social stability and national security." [1]The governance of our country requires the wisdom of the whole nation, which can be reflected not only in the consultation and co-governance between the communist party and democratic parties, but also in the participation of all Chinese in the national governance, giving full play to the wisdom and strength of the masses.

2. The Urgency of the Modernization University Governance

As the place for modern higher education, universities shoulder four important functions, namely, personnel training, scientific research, social service and cultural inheritance.

Universities, the cradle of socialist builders and successors in the future, is the place for knowledge and talents, at is way universities should pay attention to the modernization of governance. Modernization of governance is the microscopic embodiment of national governance system, and the modernization of university governance system will also affect the ideology of future builders and successors. Chinese government puts forward the ideology of the modernization of governance. The most urgent problem is how to integrate that ideology into the modernization of university governance. University authorities should pay more attention to those following aspects in the process of modernization of governance.

3. The Strategics of University Governance

First, acknowledge the importance of teaching, constantly improve the sense of acquisition of teachers and students. The "Decision of the CPC central committee on major issues concerning upholding and improving the system of socialism with Chinese characteristics and promoting the modernization of China's governance system and ability" (hereinafter referred to as the "decision") approved by the fourth plenary session of the 19th CPC central committee emphasizes that improve people's well-being, and promote all-round development of citizens is the basic requirement for our party." [1]A basic rule of historical materialism is to insist that the people are the creators of history. The communist party of China (CPC) has engraved the word people on its banner since its birth.

Second, Decision points out "we should establish a system that never forgets our mission... we will perfect all rules to establish a government for the people and of the people, strengthen the governance ability of our party in order to establish full and strict disciplines to govern out party." [1] The principal contradiction in China today is the contradiction between the people's ever-growing needs for a better life and unbalanced and inadequate development, because the primary mission of our party is to improve the living standard of people. For universities, it is their important mission to meet the demand of teachers and students for high-quality teaching resources, and a better learning and working life. University authorities should always adhere to the importance of teaching, provide enough education resources, education environment, promote the education teaching level, improve the sense of satisfaction of teachers and students. Only in this way can universities authorities arouse their initiative and creativity, and let then make contributions to the construction of universities.

Third, working methods should be improved constantly in order to make scientific decisions. The Decision mentions that "improving the decision-making mechanism, strengthening the importance of investigation and research, scientific argumentation and risk assessment of major decisions, and enhancing the function o implementation, evaluation and supervision of decisions". [1] Scientific decision-making comes from practice. We should adhere to the "seeking truth from facts" of Marxist working attitude and method, and combine "strengthening top-level design" with "crossing the river by feeling the stones", and constantly improve our working methods. It has been proved that that we can make scientific decisions by sticking to the principle of seeking truth from facts in our work by history. University authorities should pay more attention to in-depth research, adhere to the practical working method, and understand that the real situation is the premise of scientific decision-making. "No investigation, no right to speak". Dogmatism and bookism should be avoided in work. In work, we should get into reality to thorough teachers and students.get the know the real condition of teachers ans students.

Deng xiaoping said that reform meas "crossing the river by feeling for stones". This description is not only an expression close to life and the people, but also reflects the views of Marxism. Top-level design can not from meditation nor copy, but from the summary of experience in the process of the practice , "crossing the river by feeling for stones" is accumulating experience

from top level, so universities authorities should pay more attention to the realistic style of work, thorough and in-depth research, so as to achieve scientific decision science.

Third, opposition to formalism and bureaucracy. Decision emphasizes that we will resolutely combat all problems that affect the party's advanced nature and weaken its purity, vigorously combat formalism and bureaucratism, and constantly enhance the party's creativity, cohesion so as to ensure the leadership of our party in the cause of constructing socialism with Chinese characteristics.[1] Since the launch of the anti-four tendencies within the party, together with the implement of anti-corruption work, hedonism and extravagance have been greatly suppressed, however, formalism and bureaucracy still exist. Therefore, this plenary session stresses that "formalism" and "bureaucracy" should be resolutely rectified. University is a place with a large number of intellectuals, "intellectuals" is the group pursuing higher social ideal, and also the groups contacting with the latest modern management concept. The thought of "liberal democracy" has been deeply rooted in their minds that is why they hate formalism and bureaucracy most. Ancient sages said that "empty talks jeopardize national interests", and formalism is the embodiment of empty talks, for it lacks of actual content or no promoting effect to practical work. Formalism will not only make teachers and students pay attention to form instead of content, adept at doing superficial article instead of doing concrete work, which is harmful for the quality-oriented development of universities. Bureaucracy is the embodiment of feudal ideology, so it is the betrayal of the people. Party members no matter cadres or ordinary ones should abandon the thought of bureaucracy. On July 6, 2015, general secretary Xi Jinping also pointed out that there are phenomenon of "institutionalized, administrated, aristocratic and entertaining in certain organizations, including university associations and so on [2], which undoubtedly has something to do with bureaucracy.

Fourth, we will administrate school in accordance with the law and regulations. In the Decision, it is pointed out that uphold scientific, democratic and law-based legislation... we adopted, reformed, repealed, and interpreted legislation at the same time to improve the quality and efficiency of legislation. We will improve the socialist legal system with Chinese characteristics with the constitution at its core, strengthen legislation in certain fields, and speed up the development of a legal system applicable outside China's jurisdiction, so as to ensure efficient governance through adequate laws. [1] The governance universities should administered according to laws and regulations. On the establishment of rules and regulations, it should be done in consistent with the spirit of laws, and reflect equal rights and obligations, and it cannot break national laws and regulations, and stipulate unequal part of rights and obligations. University authorities should cultivate the spirit of comply with laws and regulations, and stress the importance of investigation in the process of formulating various rules and regulations, "establish rules in scientific, democratic and lawful way". They must adhere to the principle of "establishing rules in a democratic manner", fully listen to the opinions of the people and accept their supervision in order to ensure that every laws and regulations are established according to the real situation.

Fifth, keep scientific reform mindset and speed up reform. In recent years, with the advancement of comprehensively reform, government increase the pace of reform, and take great effort to solve those problems that people cares a lot, which reflects our party's determination on comprehensive reform on every aspects of the society. Those policies will enhance people's sense of satisfaction towards the party and government. Reform and innovation are the themes of our times. The success of socialist reform has also led to the formation of scientific reform thinking. Universities should constantly promote reform to adapt to the changing new situation, make use of those experience of socialist reform, and adhere to the scientific thinking and method of reform.

4. The Effectiveness of University Governance

The general principles and methods of the socialist reform is to stick to the Marxist point of view and method of practice, which is reflected from household contract responsibility system by Xiaogang Village [3]. Just as only the people live in the house whether there is leaking or not, common people know if those policies issued by government are good or bad. Therefore, for universities, the first-line teachers engaged in the field of teaching are the expert of that field, and they are familiar with the forefront of reform and the development trend. And experts governance means assigning those people who know that field most to do management. Meanwhile, school authorities should provide enough conditions for experts in one field instead of doing all things just by themselves. Socialist reform also fully confirmed that the practice of reform to adhere to the principle of up-down and interaction of upper-structure and infrastructure. This is also streamlining administration and delegating power that premier Li Keqiang emphasizes many time That also apply to the reform of universities.

“ respect and rely wholeheartedly on the working class, improve the democratic management system of enterprises and public institutions in the form of workers’ congresses, explore effective ways for employees to participate in management, protect the workers’ right of knowing, participation, self-expression and supervision, and safeguard their legitimate rights and interests.” [1] in the process of reform, our party must learn from ordinary people to establish scientific information collecting channel, which provide a chance for staff to express their ideas to ensure those reform measures to be more scientific, durable. Therefore, the reform and development should adopt the attitude of respecting knowledge and talents, accelerating the innovation of talent policies in order to attract to contribute their wisdom and strength to the modernization of national governance system and ability. [1]

5. Conclusion

In conclusion, the governance of universities is consistent with national governance, for it is the microcosm of the modernization of national governance. The modernization of national governance system depends on the modernization of each microcosm governance, and promoting the modernization of university governance system is an integral part of the modernization of national governance system. Only by constantly promoting the modernization of the governance system and ability of universities, can universities meet the needs of the current social development, equip young people with modern spirit and concept who can strive for the modernization of the national governance system with vitality and creativity.

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